

Govt of Victoria

**FIVE CENTS**

Flagg's Fectoral Balm the old  
household favorite.









BRANDON.

The Brandon Mail.

VOL. 6. No. 47

Since the advent of Martin as Attorney General we have had numerous examples of his utter incapacity to fulfil the duties of his office. As railway commissioner he may have been more successful—in filling his pockets. But certainly the public have a right to ask when is this thing going to stop. We recollect well when Greenway with his usual pomposity announced the decapitation of Crown Attorneys and other officials, for the sake of economy as he put it, for the sake of helping to fill the capacious maws of his legal friends, as we put it. The Crown business in this district was conducted from 1884 to 1888 by Mr. W. A. Macdonald who had been appointed Crown Attorney. It is needless to say Mr. Macdonald conducted the duties of his office with credit to himself and satisfaction to the public. But because he was an opponent of the Grit Government at Winnipeg his services were dispensed with. Since that time the business has been farmed out. For a while Mr. Henderson did the public prosecution, and we admit he did his duty and showed knowledge and capacity for his work. But it was too much for the grasping propensities of A. M. Peterson to stand, to think that he could not have a hand in the pie. Regardless of any fitness for the position, and knowledge of the law, but with the usual modesty which he displays in matters where his self interests are concerned, the great A. M. showed the meek Mr. Henderson aside and took upon himself the duties of representing the Crown. Now at Peterson represented only Joe Martin we would not mind it so much, because if we do think if there is one man more than another in Manitoba who is a fit associate for Joe Martin that man is A. M. Peterson. As individual hustlers for the almighty dollar, when the said dollar can be got out of the public chest without requiring any great labour, or too much capital expended to secure the same, they are about equal, put together as a team, Phoenix Union Squares and Boodle pamphlets are no have. Together these scoundrels are making the Northern Pacific and together they are running the justice department of this western district. We must confess that they exhibit greater ability as financiers than as Crown prosecutors. As we were saying Peterson represented Joe Martin we would not mind it so much but when he dignity of the Crown and the majesty of the law are concerned we really, think it time to speak. We had, an exhibition of such utter carelessness and incapacity upon the part of Peterson, at the assize last week, that we cannot forbear calling public attention to the matter. We refer to the miscarriage of justice in the case of Joppe Hay. This man was sent up for jury justices at Shoal Lake, for assaulting a constable named Frederick W. Raymer. Hay with his witnesses attended the opening of the assizes, the Crown witnesses, some four or five in number, are present, and the matter was as usual laid before the Grand Jury. The Grand Jury brought in a true bill against Hay on the charges made against him. Hay was arraigned and the indictment read to him and he pleaded not guilty. But imagine the look of surprise upon the face of Justice and Jury and audience in the court room, when it was discovered that in the indictment, Hay was charged with assaulting one Henry William Raymer, a constable, instead of Frederick W. Raymer, the prisoner's counsel at once took notice of this grave error, and at this juncture endeavored to get the indictment amended. His Lordship Mr. Justice Gwynne held that such amendment could not be made, as it would be amounting to substance in a material matter and one substance, and as the Grand Jury had indicted the prisoner with assaulting one Henry, he could not be tried for the same when the evidence disclosed that the person assaulted was an entirely different man. We understand Attorney General Martin was present and tried to help his

## THE SCHOOL QUESTION

In his proposed school reform autocrat Martin appears to have got himself into deeper water than he had an idea of. The most of people think the maintenance of two separate systems is too expensive for the province, and unequal, for in the general interests of the people, but Martin should have approached the leading educationists in both of present interests and made an effort to reconcile them to changes before he made his autocratic announcement. It is not outside the limits of possibility that had he taken this course an understanding could have been arrived at and an agreement come to as to one general system of teaching satisfactory to all, if Martin had felt the pulse of those most interested in the question, and of course this is all that is required, but none of this for Joe, he is the autocrat of the land, the Czar of Manitoba, and he is going to fight it through irrespective of the opinions of all comers. This, of course, has aroused the hostility of many that would otherwise have aided him, in his project, there is no doubt but that under the constitution the friends of separate schools have rights and when these people are set at defiance they are much more liable to contest the question, to the last stage than they would be had they been in the first place approached in a proper spirit, this will result in serious loss through litigation, the sacrifice of feeling and other interests the country of this stage of its history can never ill afford. And all this is not for the welfare of the people or the country but for the satisfaction of some impulse that drove Napoleon next door to destruction to Moscow, personal glorification. The country may stand this for a time, but the people will soon tire of it, and then great indeed will be the fall of Manitoba's leading tower of Pisa.

The difficulties the people of Dakota are meeting with at present ought to afford a lesson to those Manitoba Grits that are crying out against the growth of Canada's national debt. Year in and year out the Canadian government gives the several provinces subsidies in the aggregate amounting to about six millions of dollars of which Manitoba gets about a half a million which saves Manitobans so much taxation for school, municipal and legislative purposes. As the territory of Dakota gets no money from the American Central government, it has to tax its people for the equivalent of this half million paid to Manitoba from Ottawa. The shift is the taxes of the Dakota farmer are double those of his Manitoba neighbor, which in this year of scarcity is no considerable burden. Besides there is another feature to this our readers must be aware of. In many cases the Dakota farmer has to borrow money to pay his taxes paying as high as fifteen and even twenty percent. profits use while the Manitoba government allows it for the Manitoba farmer at 3 per cent. This furnishes a lesson for the empire, those who are complaining of our national debt, as well as those who want a closer union with the people across the line, suffering from their privations.

The way the Greenway Government is handling the voters lists, municipal and legislative, is most admirable. Take the city list as a sample of the rest. The printing of them was rendered for, at the end of the year at a very low rate, but the voters have ordered otherwise, and the *citizens* use their own hands. They have now through their election clerk just handed it to the printer. It will be out probably by the 15th of December. It is then subjected to a revision before the judge, and will be a

legal list out on the 10th of January, or at least several weeks after the municipal elections are held. The government say there will be no provincial elections next year, so the list will be of no use for them, and as they will not appear until weeks after the municipal elections, they will be of no use for them either. They are, however, of service, their printing will throw a number of shillings into the pockets of the Grit newspapers at the expense of the people, and they may find their way into the waste basket. Is not this demoralising? The province is put to the expense of about \$2,500 for voters lists that are of no earthly use to the country, beyond throwing money into the pockets of the Grit printers of the province. The Normy Government used to be abused for printing old crop reports and the only way the Simon print, can improve on this is to print voters lists of no use for either Municipal or Legislative purposes but simply to keep the wolf away from the Grit printing offices of the country. Are the people going to stand this kind of thing because it is Reform?

It was moved by the Hon. Mr. LaRivière, seconded by M. F. Jean, that whereas, since the creation of this province the Official Gazette of Manitoba has been published in the two languages—English and French; the government in eliminating the French version has struck a serious blow at the right of a considerable portion of the population to exercise it in its native tongue; that such a situation is one that it is not permissible for the executive, by any simple order-in-council, to deprive any portion of the population of a right or established privilege, much less to suspend the operation of a law now in force; therefore be it resolved, that this meeting protest vigorously against an action of this kind, and which under the circumstances is sure to have very serious consequences.

The foregoing is a resolution, passed at a meeting of Frenchmen in St. Boniface recently. No doubt Mr. LaRiviere views with alarm the loss of the fine French printing job he used to have in the days of the Norway regime. But he may just as well hold his peace. French printing was never, for years past at least, more than an ornament for the French men of the country, and a job for the French printers. As all who have to do with the government records can now read English as well as French, and with English taught in all schools, for the future the French language will be a thing of the past in Manitoba, so no hardship is imposed on any one by the government's stopping of the use of the second language. This does not however as Mr. LaRiviere asserts justify Martin and Co. in assuming the functions of the whole Legislature, and discontinuing or presuming to discontinue by order in council what can only be done by Act of Parliament. The Legislature may by a vote cut off the use of the second language but certainly the government have put their best in it by attempting the discontinuance by order-in-council. The rashness, however, is the outcome of entrustment of the powers of a whole administration to one self-willed, vicious autocrat.

The casual observer is naturally led to enquire why is all this thus. Two and three years ago among the leading chambers the abolition of the C. P. R. monopoly, were S. C. Biggs, J. B. McArthur, ex-Attorney General Hamilton, J. Beverly Robertson, etc. etc. They used to claim at that time that if monopoly were removed, Manitoba would be the finest country under the sun. Well, monopoly was removed, but not through fair leverage, but through an amicable arrangement between the C. P. R. and the Federal government, the parties who placed it there, and no sooner is the change made than we see this host of patriots leaving the country that was to be such a veritable Eden, the moment the change was made. First Biggs eloped with his vanity, following him went Hamilton with the same partner, next McArthur, and now we have left Robertson who used to champion the constitutional aspect of the question. If the agitators announced to remove also. Now there is but one explanation for all this, either these men lied when they were making their representations they did, or they are a class of men of very little service to any country—perhaps both.

A dealer in St. Paul, Minn., brings a carload of fruit from St. Louis, Mo., at a fifth-class rate, at the rate of 15 cents per 100 pounds. From St. Paul to Winnipeg, a shorter distance, the rate for the same class is 57 cents, a difference of at least 42 cents.

Winnipeggers don't want the fruit from the railway companies, but they would have no objections to getting a small piece of it.

The Winnipeg Sun has the foregoing. Then there was but the one railway in Manitoba there was no end of this comparison of railway distances and rates to secure competition; but since we have this level competition things appear to remain unchanged. For what then has Manitoba paid the N. P. over half a billion of money?

Even the Winnipeg Sun is coming to conclusion the Greenway Government is doing things with a very high hand, cannot approve of the Cabinet taking responsibilities and doing acts that constitutionally speaking, belong to the legislature. Yes! but has not Manitoba a Joe Martin in the government, and not that that explanation for it all?

**BRANDON.**

The following appears in the *Winnipeg Sun*:

You ask my opinion on the proposed abolition of the official use of the French language in the schools of the province, and I give it; but at the same time I do not think that the results of this interviewing process leave the people much wiser. In 1881, '82, while proprietor of the *Winnipeg Free Press*, I advocated the abolition of the French language, tax exemptions and changes in the school systems of an assimilating character, and was abused soundly for my audacity, but I have none now openly for many who now appear to be supporters of these radical reforms proposed by Mr. Martin, which goes to prove that one of the most unreliable commodities in the world is public opinion. It rebels and it repents. It is not the least of our troubles, through the influence of sentiment, the course of leaders, or other circumstances that will not bear proper measurement. It is only the opinion of those who consider proper measures in all their bearings that should enter as elements into the deep consideration of these great questions. As there appears to be but little in the way of the legislature's power to abolish the second language in the schools, it is a logical and final end, nothing but an ill-directed sentiment, there is no reason why it should not be discontinued. With our schools all English, whatever excuse there may have been for their use. From the beginning, it was a hindrance to its continuance in the future. There are no vested rights in the matter, and in its discontinuance no injury is done to anyone and a bill of expenses is saved to the

The other question is, however, more complicated. The most of people believe that the retention of so called religious training in schools is but a sentiment at best; but as there are some in the province who are not so easily satisfied, it appears to favor them in its continuance, in its abolition or modification, the rights of these people should be fully observed. While it is a nice thing to talk of 'the greatest possible number,' in this age, it is just as right to recognize the rights of a number of the people who were sectarian schools, to all intents and purposes, in the territory now called Manitoba before we received our constitution; and as this constitution provides for the continuance and maintenance of those schools, unjust to sweep away, or endeavor to sweep away, these rights without consulting the people interested. I fully believe with you it would be a good thing for the country, and even the admirers of separate schools, to have the Government of this province in this regard, and that it would be more general in its teaching; but this is not the question. Supposing, for instance a man had a small shop on one of the most valuable lots in Winnipeg, and he either unwilling or unable to remove, the Government of this province, if it were to be to the interest of both the man and the city if he were induced to sell, but arbitrary indeed would be the law that would force him either to abandon his holding or sell out to another. The Government of this province, if it were to occupy a similar position to that man in the city, and if justice be done them in the proposed school reforms some suitable arrangement will be made with them before any arbitrary law dispossess them of their rights. I would not wonder if it is brought into being. The educational laws of the country cannot become effected, or even made as useful in their application, as all lovers of the country would desire them to be, until they recognize the rights of the people, and justice must be done to all interests in the education.

C. CUFFE.

The following are remarks made by some of the English Church authorities at a Winnipeg last week on the education question. Canon O'Meara, who is red-hot in the educational question, moved the last clause in the report. It was on education and was as follows: That while, on the one hand, the school would endorse any changes of the educational policy of the country that would lead to the removal of the objectionable features of the present system, on the other hand this synod would strongly assert the necessity, for the true interests of education, of maintaining the religious training in the public schools of this country. The Rev. canon made a very fine speech, denouncing in vigorous terms the proposed sweeping away of the name of God from the schools. He denounced separate schools in unmeasured language. He said it was a dangerous injustice. That the money collected from the taxpayers of this country, and supplied from public funds of the country, should be used to support private institutions maintained

[illegible]

**A CORRUPT SYSTEM.**  
 All blood may corrupt the entire system and cause scrofulous sores, swellings, rashes, salt rheum, erysipelas, sore eyes and skin diseases, as shingles, tetter, etc. Burdock and Hitters purifies the blood and cleanses, and strengthens the entire system.

## FIVE CASES

**RECEIVED THIS WEEK.**

Bought at a BIG DISCOUNT in MONTREAL, and will be

**SOLD CHEAP for SPOT CASH.**

**THEY MUST BE SOLD, AND BARCAINS WILL BE THE ORDER OF THE DAY.**

**200 MEN'S SUITS.**

**150 BOYS' and CHILD'S SUITS,  
115 PAIR PANTS.**

**300 HEAVY TWEED OVER-  
COATS. with FUR COLLARS.**

**A Beautiful Pocket Companion**  
given with every Suit.

FURS!  
FURS!

**FOUR CASES OPENED THIS WEEK.**

Purchased at a BIG DISCOUNT, and will be

**SOLD CHEAP FOR SPOT CASH.**

**WE SHOW NOW THE LARGEST STOCK OF FUR GOODS  
IN MANITOBA.**

**Bulgarian Lamb, Coon, Kangaroo,  
New Zealand Bear and Goat  
COATS.**

**Persian Lamb, Seal, Bokaran, Coney,  
Beaver and Otter CAPS.**

### Grey and White Goat ROBES.

**We can Save you 20 per Cent. on  
your Furs, as those Goods must  
be Sold**

# SOMERVILLE. McKELVIE & CO.

## THE FURRIERS & CLOTHIERS.

# SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LION.

**McDIARMID BLOCK**















## LOCAL NEWS

Class Hopwood left Friday for Liverpool, England.

STURGEON Glass, of London, Ont., is spending a few days in the city.

GEO. HULLAND, of Alexander, was in the city on Monday.

Mr. Stinson has the grading on the N. P. to 1st street pretty well completed.

The fine weather of the past few months has caught cold at last, and now winter appears close at hand.

The Northwest Central engines, Nos. 1 and 2, have arrived, and are being fitted to the Brandon shops.

All the ties from First Street bridge belonging to the G.N.W.C. have been removed to their road.

W. C. Hunter, attorney, Delmar, Alex. Spence, Sr., Graveland, and S. E. Lang, Virden were in town on Saturday.

DONALD McEHEWAN, a resident of Elgin, who has been ailing for some time, was sent to Winnipeg as a confirmed lunatic.

Rev. E. P. Elwood returned on Friday from Winnipeg where he was in attendance at the meeting of Synod of the Diocese of Rupert's Land.

F. S. Nugent, barrister, and Hubert Galt returned to Winnipeg on Friday, after straightening up some business matters in which they were concerned.

Mr. OLIVER, teller in the bank of British North America, returned on Sunday evening having spent pleasant holidays with friends in Kingston.

There is a red calf living around the corner 13th st. and Princess avenue, and the owner should either remove it or buy a coffin for it.

As everything has been done in accordance with the statute, the city council will receive a grant of \$200 from the Provincial Government for building the bridge over the Sykes.

All members of the Bible class of the Presbyterian church are cordially invited to attend the "1st home" this evening in the new rooms. A good programme has been provided.

The Kewan dramatic company close their engagement here tonight, with the play "The Sign of the Cross". With a comfortable hall and good acting the house ought to be well filled.

Timon on the resignation of Mr. Mountjoy, Mr. Davidson becomes head of the office of the delegate department, and Mr. McNamee takes the vacancy caused by the promotion of Mr. Davidson.

Mr. Geo. McNEIL, of Carleton, who is a brother of the through level cattle and sale of a number to Mr. Martin, of Rapid City, last week. The animals were all in a fine condition.

The Bible class in connection with the Presbyterian church will hold an interesting and profitable evening, in addition to the usual programme, a programme of an interesting character is being prepared.

Last week over 50,000 bushels of wheat were marketed in the city, at an average of about 65 cents for the bushel. This was over 25,000 bushels more than the same time last year. It is probable that what will be sold here this year.

What is coming in the past two weeks has been about 7,000 bushels a day. Mr. Barclay also pays for most of the buyers, say very nearly 200,000 bushels have been sold here this year. The price remains permanently at 65 cents.

Main, Durham & Douglas continue making several improvements in their skating rink for the forthcoming season in the way of having comfortable seating rooms for the curlers and skaters.

Operations on the Brandon Souris branch are at a standstill on account, it is stated, of want of iron. Only five rails are ironed, and it looks like the Plum Creek people will see the iron here in their little town this winter.

Those parties who are owners of Brandon property, and have allowed the taxes to accumulate for several years, and as a consequence had their lands sold for taxes will be delinquent from redeeming them after the 21st November.

R. McKenzie's contracting outfit is now engaged within the city limits making the road-bed of the Northern Pacific & Manitoba railway. The surveyors have the road-bed staked out to the residence of Jas. A. Johnston corner of 9th and Louise Avenue.

The Northwest Central Railway company have now ten miles from of their road-bed, and the construction train having reached the first station ground out of Brandon, which is on J. B. Kendrick's farm, being the S. 36, 11, 19, W.

The Brandon Sun is down on juries. Yes, of course, anybody of men that will not convict one man when an entirely different man is accused ought to be sentenced to perpetual exile, and further any Judge who tolerates such conduct ought to be hanged, and he would be if Joe Martin had his way.

The adjourned meeting of the Brandon Building Association was held on Friday evening in the Loughan hotel when the committee was requested to report on obtaining a suitable building to curl in this winter. It was stated that they had a plan of a building drawn by Architect Marshall which would cost \$1,000, exclusive of a site which was yet to be decided upon. Nothing was done at the meeting save a discussion as to the advisability of erecting a new rink. The committee were asked to enquire further and report again.

BRIDE, N. W. T., Nov. 3.—The residence of Jacob Smith, Dominion Government engineer of National Park, was burned to the ground at eight o'clock, tonight while the family were attending church, the fire was caused by a defective stove. The house and contents were a complete loss. No insurance.

Lyle Carr, of Kola, appeared on Friday before the police magistrate on a charge of larceny of a gold watch which he is charged with stealing from Mrs. Mary Rex, who resides near Elkhorn. Mr. Carr is due the credit of locating this matter, if a conviction is secured, as he has had the matter in hand for upwards of six months, having secured the stolen watch in a local pawn shop last spring. Carr pleaded not guilty and the magistrate sent him up for trial.

The wedding bells of the city have been busily employed the past week. On Thursday Mr. McKelvie, of the firm Somerville, McKelvie & Co. was married to Miss Mary Callender, one of Brandon's best singers, at the residence of her parents. A sister of the groom and a brother of the bride acted as best couple on the occasion, and the Rev. Mr. Coughart tied the knot. The happy couple took the east train the same day on an extended wedding trip.

Over one hundred persons, comprising ministers, officers and teachers connected with the Episcopalian church assembled in Holy Trinity school house in Winnipeg on Thursday evening and formed a union called "Diocesan Sunday School Union." The following were elected: President, Rev. Archibald, Fortin; vice-president, Rev. N. Macmorine, Portage la Prairie, and Mr. J. H. Brock, secretary. Rev. Canon Coombes, treasurer. Mr. A. B. McLaughlin; committee, Rev. A. L. Fortin, Portage la Prairie; Rev. Roy Walton, minister; and Messrs. J. Mulvey, Coleman, J. M. Johnson, R. E. Goodridge, W. Hayes, Portage la Prairie, laymen. A constitution was adopted.

Mr. A. E. PHILP, law student in the office of Mr. Clifford Sifton, and Miss Grace Johnston were united in holy matrimony by the Rev. J. P. Wilson in the Methodist church, on Wednesday evening. Miss Lena Johnston, sister of the bride, assisted as bridesmaid, and Mr. J. Nation as groomsmen. Mr. D. H. Cooper, of the Freehold, Leamington, Savings company, gave the bride away in the presence of a large audience that had gathered to witness the ceremony. The presents were numerous and of the usual character. The couple have the best wishes for their future happiness and success in life.

Sometime last spring the Pioneer Press people came to the city and by dint of a little begging and the assistance of parties in Brandon succeeded in obtaining \$200 of Canadian currency for 50 subscriptions. The consideration was the writing up of Brandon and vicinity and the insertion of a quarter column of weekly correspondence, thereby keeping Brandon constantly before the American public. The writer appeared but as yet no correspondence has, and all the subscribers have not for their money is a newspaper, a little ancient when received, which is a reminder of having paid \$100 for cents worth of nothing. The St. Paul publicist is stated to state, and not to blame as the matter of correspondence was left to the charge of the local parties.

On a curling club appear to be getting themselves into form for a successful season's business as soon as the season opens. On Wednesday evening they held a sort of reorganization meeting at the Langham electing the following officers: J. Hainbury, president; J. H. Bell, vice-president; M. McNamee, A. Flounders, H. Nichol, E. A. Tumbly, R. M. Matheson and Geo. Cassels, committee; with W. H. Shillingham as Secy-Treas. The Hon. Judge Walker, F. M. Daly, M. P., and J. A. Smart, M. P., were elected patrons to give them an opportunity to hold well. W. F. Ferguson and E. W. Peters, as a kind remembrance of days past, were elected honorary members and representatives of the provincial branch of the Royal Canadian club. The club are ready to pay \$200 to any one who will erect a suitable building for the winter season.

A large grain dealer informed a Free Press reporter yesterday that a much larger quantity of grain had gone east than most people imagined. Fully a million bushels of wheat and a half million of barley have passed through the city. Some of it, but a very small proportion was shipped to the coast by the all rail route; the rest bulk is stored at Port Arthur. Most of the wheat already there will find its way down the lake during the month of November, as a large fleet of lake vessels are gathering at Port Arthur to secure freight. This does not include the shipments to Duluth by Martin & Mitchell over the Northern Pacific, which must average several hundred thousand bushels. The wheat would average about No. 2 hard, though carloads of No. 1 hard and Manitoba extra are by no means exceptional.

New Westminster, Nov. 3.—In its report of the Vancouver-New Westminster lacrosse match this described an incident which occurred during the fourth game.

"It appears that time had been called and Stewart reiterated the call, he was told to 'shut up' by McGregor, whom Stewart forthwith considered to be in violation of the rules. McGregor had threatened to 'do up' Stewart, and struck him fair in the face with his fist. Stewart was not captivated with his familiarity and would not allow himself to be so treated. He delivered a blow with his lacrosse that displaced two of McGregor's teeth and sent him staggering. Weeks had done several bad acts before this; his captain had already cautioned him for his tough play. He rushed at Stewart and belabored him with his lacrosse, two more quickly joined him in his interesting diversion, and Stewart had a bad time. A regular melee followed in which hard words and harder blows were exchanged. Polley did his best to stop the row, but failed badly for his trouble. The spectators and the police rushed in and the matter was smoothed over. McGregor was ruled out of the field. Play was recommenced after an interval of fifteen and one-half minutes.

## STARTLING RUMORS AFLOAT!

Gossip has it that Goods were never Sold Cheaper in the City of Brandon than at the

## Great North-West Central Sale.

Now going on at Cor. Pacific Ave and 10th St.

DRY GOODS,  
BOOTS & SHOES,  
CLOTHING,  
HARDWARE.  
GOING AT SLAUGHTERING PRICES

EVERYTHING MUST GO.

CASH ONLY. PRODUCE TAKEN AS CASH.

S. H. BOWER, Agent,

Cor. 10th and Pacific Avenue, near C.P.R. Depot.

We clip some locals this week from the Brandon correspondence of the Free Press.

Mr. Symington has his grocery on 10th street now going, and reports business good.

Mr. W. Creighton, of Daly, is lying dangerously ill at the residence of his daughter in the city.

There promises to be even a greater number take advantage of the cheap extensions this winter than last.

The C. P. R. is undoubtedly the favorite route for the Ontario extensions this winter, if one may judge by the number of names left with Mr. F. C. Peterson the city agent.

While coupling cars, in the yards here on Tuesday morning, Herb Collins had the misfortune to have his right hand badly smashed, by which he will probably lose two of his fingers. This is a sad mishap for one so young and he has the sympathy of his many friends among the boys.

At a meeting of the city school board, on Tuesday evening, Mr. Armstrong, of Nova Scotia, was appointed to take Mr. McGuire's room at \$200 a year. The by-law re debentures was read and passed, and the debentures were sold to R. Wilson Smith at par, bearing interest at five per cent, to run for twenty years. A number of small accounts were passed.

Bessie, Canada's cartoonist, and facial delineator of Grip, lectured in the rink Thursday evening under the auspices of the Oddfellows. When we say that though the lecturer received \$100 for the night and that the Oddfellows cleared \$150 in the speculation, the public will understand he had a full house. Although in his lecture, he kept the audience in convulsions of laughter, there is evidence it was first-class, there was nothing so very extraordinary about it when it is understood it is one he has repeated over and over again. His remarkable personality and ability as a cartoonist were, however, fully shown in the caricatures of his sketches of local characters. It is a question if in this particular line he has a superior if indeed he has an equal on the American continent.

The Free Press says: Hon. Mr. Martin stated most positively about a week ago that he had resigned. The Premier unexpectantly denied it, but, of course, this proves nothing, if anything it makes it more likely to be true. Others who are usually first class authors on such matters say most confidently that it is so, and that the only reason of delay in accepting it is that the government cannot find any person hazardous enough to risk their fortune as Attorney-General with the Greenway cabal. Mr. Clifford Sifton is said to have most positively asserted that he will not take it. Mr. Isaac Campbell, both for private and political reasons, it may be safely assumed, is not available; and of course, Mr. Fisher, the government know they need not think of. If the Greenway Government have any friends their deepest sympathy is in order.

## WHAT F. NATION

-----(& Co.

SHOW THIS WEEK

ARE:—

1000 yds. Dress Goods at 10c.

1000 yds. " " at 12 1/2c.

1000 yds. Henrietta cloth, wide, 60c.

1000 yds. colored Mervillieux, pure silk, 90c.

100 pieces Mantle cloths at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, and up.

10 pieces Sealletes at \$7.00, \$8.00, \$9.00 and up. Manufactured on the premises in a style and finish not equaled by any other house in the city.

3000 yds of heavy grey flannels at 20c.

1000 yds. of Canton flannels at 10c., 12 1/2c. and 15c.

300 pieces Grey cotton at 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 cents.

1000 lbs Ontario yarn at 40 cts.

200 pair white blankets at \$3.50, \$4.00, 4.50 and up.

200 pair grey Blankets at \$1.50, \$2.00 and up.

200 bed comforters at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and up.

100 Goat robes in Grey, White, and Black, very cheap and Good.

200 Men's fur coats at \$18.00, \$20.00, \$25.00, \$30.00 and up to the Persians. Lamb at \$100.00, \$120.00 and \$140.00.

150 Ladies fur mantles and Circulars in Astrachan, Bokaran, Wool, Seal, Persian Lamb, Circulars in Kangaroo lined, Squirrel lined, Rat lined, etc. Special astrachan mantles, 42 inches long at \$24.00.

100 Persian Lamb caps at \$5.00.

100 Astrachan caps at \$1.75.

500 Caps in Seal, Beaver, Otter, Mink, Astrachan, etc. Choice and cheap.

50 dozen Heavy wool shirts and drawers at \$1.00 per pair.

100 dozen wool socks, 6 pair for 1.00.

100 Cardigan Jackets at \$1.00 each.

Any amount of Overshoes, Moccasins, Heavy socks, Mitts, Gloves, etc.

If you wish to save money on every dollar you lay out, then come direct to the large and popular store of

F. NATION & Co.

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